



## DSCA Hosts Pakistani Working Group Meeting

Richard J. Millies, deputy director of DSCA hosted a Pakistan delegation from Jul 16-18 at DSCA headquarters for the 20<sup>th</sup> gathering of the U.S. Pakistan Security Assistance Working Group (SAWG).



Major General Tariq Salim Malik, the Additional Secretary in the Ministry of Defense Production, led the delegation. Representatives from all U.S. services and from the Office of the Defense Representative - Pakistan attended the working group as well.

working group co-chair, noted that this was a very productive meeting of the two friends and allies. He said the U.S. and Pakistan have come a long way towards establishing a mutually respectful and friendly forum for discussing complex and sensitive issues.



Major General Tariq Salim Malik and Millies exchange gifts during the working group meeting.

Millies, who is the

## DoD Employees Targeted Through Phishing Campaigns

Customers of the DoD Community Bank and other institutions providing financial services to Defense of Department military and

civilian personnel continue to be targeted with e-mail phishing campaigns which attempt to gather personal and account information.

The latest e-mail presents itself as originating from the “Military Bank of America” and asks recipients to click a link to update their account information due to an update of Web site features. According to Bank of America officials, the e-mail is fraudulent and the site has been shut down.

our contractors, security of customer personal and account information is our highest priority. This latest attempt to lure customers to give up this information is a great reminder that security is everyone’s responsibility.”

“Alert customers reported this e-mail to the bank and another fraudulent site is closed for business,” said Pat Shine, DFAS Deputy Director for Operations. “But these phishing campaigns continue to be a concern and as soon as one fraudulent site is closed, the phishers have opened a new one. From our own online services, such as **myPay**, to the services offered by

Shine said, “Remember, legitimate businesses will not send you an e-mail asking you to go to a Web site to confirm or update account information. When you receive an e-mail like this, delete it. You are not being specifically targeted. The suspects spam this e-mail message to a large number of e-mail accounts in an attempt to convince unsuspecting victims to respond.” –*Courtesy DFAS*



### TAKING THE GOLD

Oscar Peyton did it again. The DSCA employee won the Men’s 50-54 age group 100 meter (11.56) and 200-meter (24.12) dashes in Louisville, Ky., earlier this month (July 1-4). This is third consecutive time (age 50, 52, and 54) he has won both the 100 and 200-meter dashes. The National Senior Olympics are held every two years.



*Welcome! The Legislative Update will provide Congressional updates on pending legislation, public law, a weekly schedule for committee hearings, and other items of interest. The POC for this is Larry Robinson (Lawrence.Robinson@dscs.mil); feel free to provide any questions, comments, or concerns about the Legislative Update to make this a better publication for you.*

## **SENATE STALLS ON FY08 DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION**

The Senate has stalled on efforts to approve S 1547, the FY08 National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) this week. On Wednesday, after forcing the Senate into an all night debate on the Iraq War, Senate Majority Leader Harry Reid (D-NV) tabled the NDAA. He has not specified when it will return to the floor for further consideration. When the Senate returns to the bill, members will consider an amendment by Sen. James Inhofe (R-OK) that would incorporate the Building Global Partnership Act (BGPA) into the NDAA. The BGPA is a key initiative for DoD. In addition, Sen. Jon Kyl (R-AZ) introduced an amendment that would restrict \$200M of Egypt's FMF until the Secretary of State certifies that Egypt has taken the proper steps to "promote the rule of law and combat terrorism." Link to Bill: <http://thomas.loc.gov/cgi-bin/bdquery/z?d110:s.01547>:

## **ETHIOPIAN BILL APPROVED IN SUBCOMMITTEE**

On July 18, the House Foreign Affairs Subcommittee on Africa and Global Health approved (HR 2003) the Ethiopia Democracy and Accountability Act of 2007, by a voice vote. The bill will now go to the full committee for consideration.

The bill would provide \$20M annually in FY08 and FY09 to support human rights, democracy, and economic development. It would also prohibit U.S. security assistance to the Ethiopian government, except for assistance in counterterrorism and peacekeeping operations. The prohibition on security assistance, however, could be waived by the president. Link to Press Release: [http://www.foreignaffairs.house.gov/110/press\\_AGH071807.pdf](http://www.foreignaffairs.house.gov/110/press_AGH071807.pdf)

## **BILL INTRODUCED TO PROHIBIT ASSISTANCE TO EGYPT**

On July 10, Rep. Anthony Weiner (D-NY) introduced HR 2977, the Egyptian Counterterrorism and Political Reform Act. The bill would prohibit military assistance to Egypt, and shift the money to economic support fund assistance. The bill was referred to the House Foreign Affairs Committee for further review. Link to Bill: <http://thomas.loc.gov/cgi-bin/bdquery/z?d110:h.r.02977>:

## **AMBASSADOR NOMINATIONS**

On July 24, the Senate Foreign Relations Committee will review the following nominations for confirmation:

Michael W. Michalak to be ambassador to the Socialist Republic of Vietnam

Eric G. John to be ambassador to the Kingdom of Thailand

## **FY08 DOD APPROPRIATIONS BILL**

The House Appropriations Subcommittee on Defense (HAC-D) held a CLOSED markup of the FY08 Defense Appropriations bill on July 12. Unfortunately Chairman Murtha has released few details. We understand the \$459B spending bill (\$3.9B less than the president's request), includes language to continue the ban on export of the F/A-22 fighter aircraft. The bill does not include funds for operations in the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan. The full appropriations committee, chaired by Congressman Obey (D-WI)--the original proponent of the F-22 ban--plans to mark up the bill on 23 July. The bill may be debated on the House floor the week of 31 July. The Senate has not yet scheduled its markup of the bill. (Contributed by Lorna Jons)



# DSCA – Legislative Update

# Defense Security Cooperation Agency

July 20, 2007



## House Committee Meetings

\*Times and dates are subject to change

**House Foreign Affairs Committee (HFAC):**

- 17 Jul 2007 (1000) *Full Committee*  
 “Policy Options in Iraq”  
 Witnesses: Steve Simon; James Dobbins
- 17 Jul 2007 (1400) *Subcommittee on Asia, the Pacific, and the Global Environment*  
 “International Fisheries Agreements in Asia and the Pacific”  
 Witnesses: Panel 1-The Honorable David A. Balton  
 Panel 2-John Connelly; David G. Burney
- 18 Jul 2007 (1015) *Subcommittee on Africa and Global Health*  
 “Africa Food Security”  
 Witnesses: Panel 1-The Honorable Michael E. Hess  
 Panel 2-Peter McPherson; Calestous Juma
- 18 Jul 2007 (1015) *Subcommittee on Africa and Global Health*  
 “Ethiopia Democracy and Accountability”  
 Legislation: HR 2003
- 18 Jul 2007 (1400) *Subcommittee on Middle East and South Asia*  
 “Reconstruction in Iraq’s Oil Sector”  
 Witnesses: Panel 1-Mr. Joseph A. Christoff  
 Panel 2-Tariq Shafiq; Issam Michael Saliba
- 18 Jul 2007 (1500) *Subcommittee on Asia, the Pacific, and the Global Environment*  
 “The Impact of Coup-Related Sanctions on Thailand and Fiji”  
 Witnesses: The Honorable Eric G. John
- 19 Jul 2007 (1000)  
 “U.S. Policy in the Middle East”  
 Witnesses: Dennis Ross

**House Appropriations Subcommittee-Foreign Operations (HACFO): none**

**House Appropriations Subcommittee-Defense (HAC-D): none**

**House Appropriations Committee (HAC):**

- 25 Jul 2007 (0900) *Full Committee*  
 “FY08 Appropriations: Defense” (Markup)



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## House Committee Meetings

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### House Armed Services Committee (HASC):

•18 Jul 2007 (1000) *Full Committee*

“Developments in Iraq”

Witnesses: William Perry; Jessica Tuchman Mathews; Frederick W. Kagan

•18 Jul 2007 (1500) *Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations*

“Alternatives for Iraq’s Future”

•18 Jul 2007 (1500) *Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations*

“Alternatives for Iraq’s Future” Part II

•18 Jul 2007 (1400) *Subcommittee on Strategic Forces*

“U.S. Nuclear Weapons Policy”

Witnesses: William Perry; Sid Drell; Keith Payne

•19 Jul 2007 (1000) *Subcommittee on Seapower and Expeditionary Forces*

“Mine Resistant Ambush Protected Vehicle Program”

Witnesses: The Honorable John Young; Brig. Gen. Michael Brogan, USMC;  
Lt. Gen. John Catellaw, USMC; Lt. Gen. Stephen M. Speakes, USA

•24 Jul 2007 (1400) *Subcommittee on Seapower and Expeditionary Forces*

“Surface Combatant Construction”

Witnesses: Vice Adm. Paul Sullivan, USN; The Honorable Allison Stiller; Rear Adm. Barry McCullough, USN;  
Rear Adm. Charles Goddard, USN; Mr. Eric Labs; Mr. J. Michael Gilmore; Mr. Ronald O’Rourke  
The Honorable David Walker

•25 Jul 2007 (1300) *Full Committee*

“Implications of the National Intelligence Estimate”

•25 Jul 2007 (1000) *Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations*

“Alternatives for Iraq’s Future” Part III

•26 Jul 2007 (0900) *Full Committee*

“Habeas Corpus for Detainees”

### DID YOU KNOW... July 16, 1790

*On this date, President George Washington signed into law the Permanent Seat of Government Act, which established the location of the federal city. On July 9, the House approved the relocation of the federal government by a vote of 32 to 29. The bill established that the new District of Columbia, “not exceeding ten miles square . . . be located as hereafter directed on the river Potomac, at some place between the mouths of the Eastern Branch and Connogochegue.” The debate about where to place a permanent seat of government had been a source of controversy since the Continental Congresses and continued throughout the First Congress (1789–1791). Two of President Washington’s Cabinet members, Secretary of State Thomas Jefferson and Secretary of the Treasury Alexander Hamilton, fashioned a compromise with the tacit support of one of the House’s most influential Members, Representative James Madison of Virginia. In exchange for placing the capital in a southern locale, southern Representatives dropped their opposition to Hamilton’s program to have the federal government assume the states’ Revolutionary War debt.*

(from Office of the Clerk - Link to Story: [http://clerk.house.gov/art\\_history/index.html](http://clerk.house.gov/art_history/index.html))



# DSCA – Legislative Update Defense Security Cooperation Agency

June 20, 2007



## Senate Committee Meetings

\*Times and dates are subject to change

Senate Appropriations Subcommittee-Foreign Operations (SACFO): none

Senate Foreign Relations Committee (SFRC):

•17 Jul 2007 (1000) *Full Committee*

“Democratic Developments in Sub-Saharan Africa”

Witnesses: Panel 1-The Honorable Barry F. Lowenkron; The Honorable Michael Hess

Panel 2-Princeton Lyman; Chris Albin-Lackey; Awke Amosu

•17 Jul 2007 (1430) *Full Committee*

•19 Jul 2007 (0930) *Full Committee*

“Update on Iraq”

Witnesses: The Honorable Ryan C. Crocker

•25 Jul 2007 (0930) *Full Committee*

“Peace Corps Volunteers”

Legislation: S 732

Senate Appropriations Subcommittee-Defense (SAC-D): none

Senate Armed Services Committee (SASC): none

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### DID YOU KNOW... July 16, 1787 (A Great Compromise)

On that day, two hundred senators and representatives boarded a special train for a journey to Philadelphia to celebrate a singular congressional anniversary.

Exactly two hundred years earlier, the framers of the U.S. Constitution, meeting at Independence Hall, had reached a supremely important agreement. Their so-called Great Compromise (or Connecticut Compromise in honor of its architects, Connecticut delegates Roger Sherman and Oliver Ellsworth) provided a dual system of congressional representation. In the House of Representatives each state would be assigned a number of seats in proportion to its population. In the Senate, all states would have the same number of seats. Today, we take this arrangement for granted; in the wilting-hot summer of 1787, it was a new idea. In the weeks before July 16, 1787, the framers had made several important decisions about the Senate's structure. They turned aside a proposal to have the House of Representatives elect senators from lists submitted by the individual state legislatures and agreed that those legislatures should elect their own senators.

By July 16, the convention had already set the minimum age for senators at thirty and the term length at six years, as opposed to twenty-five for House members, with two-year terms. James Madison explained that these distinctions, based on “the nature of the senatorial trust, which requires greater extent of information and stability of character,” would allow the Senate “to proceed with more coolness, with more system, and with more wisdom than the popular[ly elected] branch.”

The issue of representation, however, threatened to destroy the seven-week-old convention. Delegates from the large states believed that because their states contributed proportionally more to the nation's financial and defensive resources, they should enjoy proportionally greater representation in the Senate as well as in the House. Small-state delegates demanded, with comparable intensity, that all states be equally represented in both houses. When Sherman proposed the compromise, Benjamin Franklin agreed that each state should have an equal vote in the Senate in all matters—except those involving money. Over the Fourth of July holiday, delegates worked out a compromise plan that sidetracked Franklin's proposal. On July 16, the convention adopted the Great Compromise by a heart-stopping margin of one vote. As the 1987 celebrants duly noted, without that vote, there would likely have been no Constitution.

Reference Items:

Farrand, Max. *The Framing of the Constitution of the United States*. New Haven: Yale University Press, 1913. Chapter 7.

Rossiter, Clinton. *1787: The Grand Convention*. New York: Macmillan, 1966. Chapter 10.

(from Senate - Link to Story: [http://www.senate.gov/artandhistory/history/minute/A\\_Great\\_Compromise.htm](http://www.senate.gov/artandhistory/history/minute/A_Great_Compromise.htm))